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How are miscarriages viewed through the prism of Torah?

What is the Torah perspective on changing diapers and taking out the garbage?

Does marriage terminate with the death of a spouse?



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Bending and Bowing

Why did Binyomin merit to have the Beis Hamikdash in his portion?

We are taught that Mordechai was a reincarnation of Yaakov while Haman was a reincarnation of Esav.¹ This is hinted to in the words of Yaakov about Esav, הצילני בא מיד אחי מיד עשו, save me please from the hand

י Corresponding to what it says in the Megila, והמן נופל על המטה. Haman had fallen onto the bed (Esther 7:8), it says about Yaakov (גיישראל וישב על Yaakov exerted himself and sat up on the bed (Breishis 48:2).

of my brother the hand of Esav, where the first letters spell המן.² The Chida³ explains this is what Yaakov requested from Hashem when he said הצילני נא מיד אחי מיד עשו – now it is Esav but in the future when I am Mordechai it will be Haman — save me!

Since Yaakov bowed to Esav, Mordechai doesn't bow to Haman as a rectification. Where was Mordechai endowed with this strength from? He is a descendant of Binyomin.⁴ Binyomin was the only one not born when Yaakov bowed to Esav.⁵ Consequently, he wasn't affected by Yaakov's bowing. Therefore, Mordechai had the power to withstand and refrain from bowing to Haman.

In light of what we mentioned we can grasp why the Beis Hamikdash was in the portion of Binyomin as it is the place of completely nullifying oneself to Hashem. Since Binyomin did not bow to Esav, he merited to have the portion of land where bowing takes place, the Beis Hamikdash.



The pasuk teaches that it is called Purim because of the lottery, גרל 6 Rearranging these letters, we notice it spells גרל, foot. This represents bowing, symbolizing nullifying oneself.⁷

The following is some of what we do on Purim which originates from what took place when Yaakov received the Brachos:

1) How did Yaakov receive the Brachos? Through dressing like Esav. This is one of the reasons given as to why we wear a mask, or costume, on Purim.

⁵ It is because Yaakov bowed to Esav that throughout history we needed to "bow" to the nations of the world in that we please them and the like. ⁶ Esther 9:24.

⁷ Similarly, it is called שלש רגלים as we submit ourselves to Hashem by the Beis Hamikdash at that time.

⁸ This is in contrast to Chanuka (see Mishna Brura 670:6). Breishis 27:19, 25.

⁹ Breishis 27:25. Although most women do not drink wine on Purim (as is the opinion of R' Chaim Pinchas Scheinberg. See Shevet Halevi 10:18:2), there are those who say that they should. But only a little, not a lot, since that would be a disgrace as in Kesubos 65a (Chazon Ovadia, Purim, p. 176. Also see Orchos Rabbeinu volume 3, p. 96, ישרים, 4:173:10,53). Incidentally, if we add the Gematria of יי (70) to ישרים, (157) we arrive at a total of 227, the same as the gematria of יזכר. This symbolizes that if she drinks she becomes like a male in that she becomes an extrovert (see Kiddushin 2b). This is contrary to the ideal way of a woman as in cd ccertan 45:14).

¹⁰ In the Ramchal's sefer, Derech Eitz Chaim (p. 17), he tells of an incident that occurred with R' Shimshon Mi'Ostripoli in the year 1648 when the vicious decrees of *tach v'tat* against the Jews took place. The communities that fell victim to these decrees wondered why they were



2) Just as receiving the Brachos was done through a meal, we too have Seudas Purim.⁸

3) Just as it is written concerning the Brachos ויבא לו יין וישת, he drank wine, likewise, on Purim we drink wine.⁹

Medicinal Acquisition

We can compare physical medicine to spiritual medicine. Just as a doctor knows what medicine is needed for an ill patient, similarly, Hashem knows the medicine needed for a spiritual ailment. That is, to combat the Yetzer Hara. The medicine is the Torah, as we are taught Yetzer Hara. The medicine is the Torah, as we are taught ,10 I have created the evil inclination and I have created Torah as its antidote.¹¹

How do we acquire the Torah? The Mishna¹² enumerates the 48 ways for its acquisition. A hint to this is found in the dimensions of the Aron. The Aron, which contained the Luchos, symbolizes the Torah. What were its dimensions? Its length was two and a half amos and its width was one and a half amos.¹³ Since one amah is six tefachim, let's multiply two and a half (for the length) by six (tefachim). The product of this is 15. When we do this twice, for each of the two sides of the length, we get 30.



For the width, we get nine for each side when we multiply one and a half by six. This gives us a total of 18 for the width (for both sides). When we add 30 and 18, we get to a total of 48 tefachim. This alludes to the 48 ways that Torah is acquired!¹⁴

Rabbi Alt merited to learn under the tutelage of R' Mordechai Friedlander ztz²¹ for close to five years. He received semicha from R' Zalman Nechemia Goldberg ztz¹¹. Rabbi Althas written on numerous topics for various websites and publications and is the author of five books including the recently released Magnificent Marriage Insights. His writings, some of which have been translated into Yiddish, Hebrew, German and French, inspire people across the spectrum of Jewish observance to live with the vibrancy and beauty of Torah. He lives with his wife and family in Kiryat Yearim (where the Aron was for 20 years [Shmuel 1, 7n,2]) where he studies, writes and teaches. The author is passionate about teaching Jews of all levels of observance.

subjected to such insurmountable challenges. R' Shimshon Mi'Ostripoli was able to obtain an audience with the *sitra achara* and he implored him by oath to explain why the Jewish people were being tormented to such an extent. Why was he prosecuting the Jews, causing them immense suffering, much more than any other nation? The *sitra achara* told R' Shimshon that if the Jewish people would refrain from observing Shabbos, stop performing *bris mila* and cease learning Torah, then he would terminate his prosecution. R' Shimshon responded that while there were many things that he may be willing to relinquish, he would never acquiesce to forgo even one letter of *limud haTorah*. The Ramchal then writes: "Our engaging in *limud haTorah* is poison to the *sitra achara*. For the Jewish people, on the other hand, Torah study is the potion of life."

¹¹ Kiddushin 30b. See Nefesh Hachaim 4:32.

¹² Avos 6:6. Parenthetically, R' Moshe Schwab, Mashgiach of Gateshead, once commented: "The definition of a *masmid* (one who learns diligently) is not how many hours he learns a day, but how many minutes he learns in an hour."

13 Shemos 25:10.

¹⁴ Another allusion is found in the words אשת חיל מי ימצא (Mishlei 31:10), which refers to Torah. The word חיל yields a Gematria of 48, referring to these 48 ways. Although we put our toil into Torah, the end result is a gift from Hashem, as it says חרבונה (Mishlei 2:6) It is a מיי דעת ותבונה (Mishlei 2:6) It is a מיי דעת ומצאתי (Mishlei 2:6) It is a אניאתי (Masher and not the result of the toil we put in, as it says אניאתי אול which is a find, and not the result of the toil we put in, as it says אניארי ומצאתי ממא עור ממצאר (Megila 6b, Iyov 28:12). This is how we can comprehend the remainder of the pasuk אני מי מצא the reads — the Torah, which was given on Shavuos, is acquired through the 48 (חיל) ways. However, we should keep in mind that the end result is a מציאה.

² Breishis 32:12. Also, Haman said ל א איננו שוה לי Similarly, Esav said in regard to the Bechor, ולמה זה לי בכרה, look, I will die, why do I need this birthright (Breishis 25:32).

³ Pninei Hachida, Breishis 33:3.

⁴ Esther 2:5. We know Esav, the ancestor of Haman, excelled in honoring his parents as Rabban Shimon Ben Gamliel said no one honored his father more than him besides Esav (Devarim Rabba 1:15). So who is the one who brings about the miracle of Purim? Esther, the one who doesn't have parents and therefore has no deficiency in בכוד אב נאם.