Divrei Torah, Ba`er Heitev, באר היטב פרש"י בשבעים לשון. דברי תורה וחיזוק

Vol. 11 No. 26 Pesach 5780

בסייד חג המצות תשייפ

generations. "Leil Shimurim Hu LaHashem... לכן אמר לבני ישראל אני ה׳ והוצאתי אתכם מתחת word Nes is made of the letters "Nun" and word Nes is made of the letters "Nun" and

Therefore say to the people of Israel, I am the that although in "Ashrei" each Posuk starts with Lord. and I will bring you out from under the the next consecutive letter of the Aleph Bais, burdens of the Egyptians, and I will rid you the Posuk beginning with Nun is omitted. This from their slavery, and I will redeem you with is because a Posuk with "Nun" speaks of the outstretched arm. an judgments. { Shemos 6:6 }

expression "savlanus" [patience]. The idea is HaKodesh, as the Posuk after the missing Nun that being patient with the idea of being in Exile starts with the letter Samach and says, "Someich is a root which becomes poisonous. It is the Hashem Lichol Hanoflim"; Hashem supports all source of all troubles and suffering which Klall those who have fallen. This, says the Bnei Yisroel experiences bodily and spiritually. Yisoschor, is the significance of the word and Opposed to this, total leaving and total month "Nisson". It is the month that Hashem rejection of having patience [with the Exile] is lifts up his downtrodden nation, both in the the source of salvation and redemption. As long time Gollus Mitzrayim and also in the day of as the Children of Israel related to the Exile with Moshiach Sheyovo Bimheira Biyomeinu. - Bnei patience, they did not have a chance to be Yisoschor saved and redeemed. Hashem promised the Children of Israel: "And I will take you out from under the burdens of Egypt" - you will no longer have patience with, nor accept, the bitter fate of the life of Exile. Then, I can fulfill: "And I will save you from their hard labor". At first, the promise comes concerning taking the Exile out of the Jews, only afterwards the promise comes concerning taking the Jews out of the Exile. – Menachem Tzion

ותמצא שאמרו רז״ל (ר״ה יא) בניסן נגאלו בניסן... עתידין ליגאל, כי החודש מסויים לטובת ישראל, וכו: אור החיים שמות פי״ב פ״ב

The first mention of the name Nisan is in Megilas Esther when Homon draws lots to decide which day of the year he will kill the Yehudim. This event, says the Megila, took place in the month of Nisson. The Bnei Yisoschor says the name Nisan is for "Nissim" miracles. It is a month of open miracles where Hashem turned the natural world on its head to rescue His beloved nation. The Torah tells us this special time was planned from the creation of the world and will always be a time of miracles and redemption for Klall Yisroel for all

אָאָלָתִי אָתְכֶם מֵעֶבדָתָם ווָאָלָתִי Shimurim Lichol Bnei Yisroel Lidorosom". The ש "Samach". The Gemoroh tells us (Brachos 4b) and with great downfall of Klal Yisroel. "Nofloh Lo Sosif Kum Besulas Yisroel". Even though Dovid left out The word "sivlos" [burdens] comes from the the Nun he still lifted it up again with Ruach

> הא לחמא עניא... לשנה הבאה בני חורין **Why** did the Haggadah begin with an Aramaic expression and conclude with a Hebrew one: "Next year we shall be free men"...? Perhaps we could say that the reason the expression was doubled and two languages were used was, so that you would not say: "What is the use of this teaching of freedom that we make tonight, are we not still in the Exile, so what good is it? The Haggadah tells us concerning this, that this is not considered a true exile, for even if we live here today, in a land not our own--next year we may be able to be in Eretz Yisroel - The Land of Israel, as we desire with no one to stop us. Even if, G-d forbid, the time for redemption has not come yet, nevertheless, The Land of Israel is before us, to come to live in it at any time. This is not comparable to the Exile of Egypt, when we were in bondage unable to leave, like captives placed in a dungeon. - Rav Yaakov Emdin

> **This** is the bread of poverty...The Rabbis say that "bread of poverty" (lechem oni) has a deeper meaning; it is "bread over which we

answer (anu onim) many things." The fact that his beard had turned white. Rav Shimshon we answer so many things at the Seder table Pincus asks what is the significance of black or also reminds us that "Hashem will answer you in white hair. Why do young people have black time of trouble" (Psalms 20). For on this night, hair and old people have white hair? He the Redemption stirs toward awakening, and explains that white and black are the only colors Hashem answers our prayers; whatever requests that are not colors in their own right. Within we make of Him this night will be fulfilled. We the color black is every other color. If a child can understand this part of the Haggadah the uses every color crayon to scribble the end same way: not only is this "the bread of result is black. White is the opposite. It is pure poverty," but also "this is the bread of and without any color whatsoever. A young answering"; this night, by eating the matzos, we person who learns and does good deeds, it is become worthy of having Hashem answer all entirely possible that he is doing it for a our requests. And so, "anyone who is hungry" - anyone hungry for Heavenly abundance, Haboh, or maybe honor in this world. Maybe "come" - let him come and seize the he has aspirations to become a Rosh Yeshiva or opportunity this night offers, "and eat" - let him draw Heavenly abundance down on himself. -Sar Sholom, Yeinah shel Torah

ְרְבָבָה כְּשֶׁדֶה הַשָּׂדֶה נְתַתִּידְ וכו׳: הגדה של פסח I made you as populous as the plants of the field {Haggadah Shel Pesach}

"Like the growth of the field": Just as the growth of the field grows more when it is cut more frequently, so too Klall Yisroel would be more fruitful and multiply more as the Egyptians afflicted them more. – Ritvoh

The Hagodoh tells the story of the great Tannaim who had a Seder that went so long that the Talmidim needed to stop them for Kriyas Shema in the morning. The Hagodoh tells us that this took place in Bnei Brak. Why was this detail so important? The Steipler Gaon answers that there is a Machlokes between Rebbi Akiva and Rebbi Elozor Ben Azaryoh whether the Mitzva of Achilas Korbon Pesach is until dawn in the morning or only until midnight. Rebbi Elozar Ben Azaryah held it was only until midnight. If so then he also held that the Mitzva of eating Matzoh and Sipur Yetzias Mitzrayim is also only until Chatzos. Being that was the case why did he participate in the Seder past the time that it was a Mitzva? The Baal Hagodoh tells us that they were in Bnei Brak and Rebbi Akiva was the Rov there and Rebbi Elozor accepted his Psak during his stay there. – Steipler Goan

Rebbi Elozor Ben Azaryah was offered the position of Nosi but was only 18 years old. He went home that night and by the next morning

multitude of reasons. Maybe he wants Olam maybe it will help him get a job. He is represented by the color black. His actions are result of mixture of ulterior а а motives. However an old man who sits and learns has none of the above notions. On Olam Haboh he (has given up) [may have given up, Chas ViSholom (– editor)]. To impress the Mechutanim? They are already dead. A Rosh Yeshiva he won't be [might not be editor]. He doesn't even need to earn a living anymore. Why does he learn Torah? Because a Jew needs to learn Torah. His Torah is pure and white. **That** is the meaning of the term "Alter". This title is given to describe the purity of the Godol's actions. Rebbi Eliezer ben Azarvah turned white at the "ripe" young age of 18. He may have been young, and he may have had the most glamorous position around, but he and his beard were both white. – Rav Shimshon **Pincus**

> לע״נ זקני הרה״ח ר׳ חיים יחיאל בן הרה״ק ר׳ ישראל (סטאשיווער מגיד) גאנצווייג ע״ה נלב״ע י״ט ניסן תש״ג - ת.נ.צ.ב.ה.

יוצא לאור ע"י מכון בית צדיקים - שידלוב סטאשוב A Project of Cong. Tiferes Zvi - Mailing address 714 Park Ave Lakewood NJ 08701-2025 Fax: 1-732-730-1588 Tel: 1-732-901-6225 <u>chizuk620@gmail.com</u> כלבל התורה לקבל הגליון, הן בלשון הקודש "על התורה ועל העבודה" והן הנ"ל,

עקבע הגעיון, <u>הן בעשון הקודש על ההגדרדדעע העבודה.</u> הון הב ל, ושיעור באידיש {בערך 25 מינוט}, וכן להקדיש גליון לזכות, לרפו״ש, לע״נ, או לזכות את הרבים - אחב״י ביותר מארבע אלף מקומות בעולם קע״ה כ״י להתקשר להנ״ל - ידידכם נפתלי הירצל גאנצווייג

[Reprinted from Pesach 5771]

Contact us for dedications, in honor of a Simcha, Yohrtzeit, or Zechus etc., Loshon Hakodesh "Al HaTorah Val HoAvodah" or

English versions, received by thousands worldwide. Send in yours and your friend's addresses to receive ASAP.

Ah Chag Kosher Vismei'ach - Rabbi Naftali H. Ganzweig